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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/083,058	02/25/2002	Svend Havelund	5386.224-US	6987
7590 05/27/2004			EXAMINER	
Reza Green, Esq.			GUPTA, ANISH	
Novo Nordisk of North America, Inc. Suite 6400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
405 Lexington Avenue			1654	
New York, NY	7 10174-6401		DATE MAILED: 05/27/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commons	10/083,058	HAVELUND ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Anish Gupta	1654			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro cause the application to become ABANDOI	timely filed lays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 61-69 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 61-69 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sion is required if the drawing(s) is a	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applica rity documents have been recei u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)				

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DETAILED ACTION

The preliminary amendment filed 2-25-02 is acknowledged. Claims 1-60 were cancelled and claims 61-69 were added. Claims 61-69 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

1. Claims 61-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Havelund et al.

The claims are drawn to water soluble aggregate of an insulin derivative having a lipophilic group and has a molecular weight larger than aldolase and comprise at lease 2 zinc ions per 6 moles of insulin derivative.

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The reference teach a composition comprising 600 nmol/ml of Lys B29-Ne-(hexadecanoyl)-insulin, 7 mM of sodium phosphate buffer at pH 7.5, 10 mM sodium chloride, 16 mM phenol, 16 mM cresol, 2-3 Zn+2/hexamer and 1.6%(w/v) glycerol (see col. 32, lines 34-48). The reference also discloses similar pharmaceutical formulations for Lys B29-Ne lithocholyl human insulin (see col. 31 and 32, lines 54-67 and 19-31). Note that this composition is similar to the composition as disclosed in the specification on page 13, line 28-29. Therefore, since the reference discloses the same composition as disclosed in the specification, with the same ionic strength and pH, the composition described in Havelund et al. would inherently result in aggregate formations.

2. Claims 61-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Norup et al.

The claims are drawn to water soluble aggregate of an insulin derivative having a lipophilic group and has a molecular weight larger than aldolase and comprise at lease 2 zinc ions per 6 moles of insulin derivative.

The reference teaches various insulin formulations that comprise insulin, phenolic compound such as cresol, glycerol, sodium chloride and varying amounts of zinc (see col. 4, lines 1-16 and 31-61). The pH of the composition is of the 7.2 when 20 mM of NaCl is present (see col. 4, lines 34-62). The composition utilizes insulin derivatives that include, B29-Nε-(N-lithocholyl -γ-glutamyl)-des(B30)-human insulin (see col. 3, lines 499-61). The difference between the prior art and the instant application is that the reference does not specifically teach aggregation of the insulin. However, since the reference discloses a composition with similar ionic strength and pH as the claimed composition, the composition disclosed by the reference would necessarily result in aggregate formations. Moreover, since the reference teaches pharmaceutical formulations that are

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intended to be used in-vivo, the formations aggregates would have occurred after injections since the environment would have the ionic strength and pH necessary for aggregates to form. Note the claims state that the aggregates are "formed in an environment having an ionic strength and pH of the tissue **after** subcutaneous injections."

3. Claims 61-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being unpatentable over Havelund et al. (WO 95/07931).

The claims are drawn to water soluble aggregate of an insulin derivative having a lipophilic group and has a molecular weight larger than aldolase and comprise at lease 2 zinc ions per 6 moles of insulin derivative.

The reference teach insulin composition comprising 600 nmol/ml of insulin, 7 mM of sodium phosphate buffer at pH 7.5, 10 mM sodium chloride, 16 mM phenol, 16 mM cresol, 2-3 Zn+2/hexamer and 1.6%(w/v) glycerol (see page 55-56). For insulin analogs, the reference teaches, as acknowledge by Applicants on page 10 of the specification, the use of NeB29-lithocholoyl-α-glutamyl des (B30) (see page 54, lines 13-25). Furthermore, the reference states that the parenteral administration may be performed by subcutaneous injection (see page 27, lines 8-10). Therefore, since the reference discloses the same composition as disclosed in the specification, with the same ionic strength and pH, the composition described in Havelund et al. would necessarily result in aggregate formations. Thus since all of the structural limitation of the compound are met and the same mode of administration is also disclosed, the aggregation of the compound, after injection, would be necessarily be achieved.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anish Gupta whose telephone number is (571)272-0965. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brenda Brumback, can normally be reached on (571) 272-0961. The fax phone number of this group is (703) 308-4242.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

5/18/04

Patent Examiner